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CLAIMS

1. A metallocene-based phosphine or arsine ligand chiral at phosphorus or arsenic having the Formula (I), (II) or (III):

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wherein

W is phosphorus or arsenic;

M is a metal;

R¹ and R² are different from each other, and are independently selected from substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, alkoxy, alkylamino, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkoxy, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryloxy, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic arylamino and substituted and unsubstituted heteroarylamino, wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen;

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R³ and R⁴ are the same or different, and are independently selected from substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen;

n is 0 to 3;

m is 0 to 5;

Q is selected from:

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wherein W is phosphorus or arsenic;

R⁶ and R⁷ are the same or different, and are independently selected from substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, alkoxy, alkylamino, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkoxy, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryloxy, substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryloxy, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic arylamino and substituted and unsubstituted heteroarylamino, wherein the or each heteroatom is independently

selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; and R⁸ is selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; or

Q is selected from:

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wherein W is phosphorus or arsenic;

R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are, independently, as previously defined; and R⁹ is selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched-and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted ard unsubstituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; or Q is selected from:

wherein R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are, independently, as previously defined; and R¹⁰ is selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted,

branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, and substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; or

Q is selected from:

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wherein R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are, independently, as previously defined; and R^{10*} is selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, and substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; or

Q is selected from:

wherein W is phosphorus or arsenic;

R⁶, R⁷ are, as previously defined; R¹¹ is selected from OR¹³, SR¹³, NHR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, wherein R¹³ and R¹⁴ are the same or different and are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted and

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unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, and substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; R¹² is selected from hydrogen, halogen, OR¹³, SR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; wherein R¹³, R¹⁴ are, as previously defined and n' is 0 to 4;

or Q is selected from:

wherein R⁸ and R⁹ are as previously defined;

R⁵ is selected from:

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wherein R¹⁵, R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are the same or different and are independently selected from hydrogen, OR¹³, SR¹³, NR¹³R¹⁴, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and

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unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, and substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; wherein R¹³, R¹⁴ are, as previously defined; or

R⁵ is selected from:

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wherein R¹³, R¹⁴ are as previously defined; the two geminal substituents R¹⁸ together are a doubly bonded oxygen atom (i.e. (R¹⁸)₂ is =O), or each substituent R¹⁸ on its own is hydrogen; and G is selected from the group consisting of:

-CONH-R*-NHCO-, -CO-OR*O-CO-, -CO-R*CO-, -CH=N-R*-N=CH-,
-CH₂NH-R*-NHCH₂-, -CH₂NHCO-R*-CONHCH₂-, -CH(R⁸)NH-R*NH(CH(R⁸)-, -CH(R⁸)NHCO-R*-CONHCH(R⁸)-, -CONH-R-NHCO-, CO-ORO-CO-, -CO-RCO-, -CH=N-R-N=CH-, -CH₂NH-R-NHCH₂-, CH₂NHCO-R-CONHCH₂-, -CH(R⁸)NH-R-NH(CH(R⁸)-, -CH(R⁸)NHCO-R-CONHCH(R⁸)-; wherein R⁸ is, independently, as previously defined; -R*- and -R- are selected from the group consisting of:

wherein R¹² is as previously defined; R¹⁹ is selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl,

substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl, and substituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen; or $(R^{19})_2$ is $-(CH_2)_{m'}$, n' is 0 to 4; and m' is 1 to 8;

2. Enantiomers of the ligands according to claim 1 having the Formulae (IV), (V) and (VI):

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wherein each of W, M, R¹⁻¹⁹, Q, G, n, m, n' and m' have the same meanings as assigned in claim 1, with chirality changes in the substituent groups where required.

3. Diastereomers of the ligands according to claim 1 having the Formulae (VII), (VIII) and (IX):

wherein each of W, M, R¹⁻¹⁹, Q, G, n, m, n' and m' have the same meanings as assigned in claim 1, with chirality changes in the substituent groups where required.

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- 4. A metallocene-based phosphine according to any one of claims 1 to 3 having chirality at phosphorus (or arsenic) and at least one other element of chirality (planar chirality and/or chirality at carbon and/or axial chirality).
- 5. A metallocene-based diphosphine or diarsine ligand according to any one of claims 1 to 4 having three elements of chirality, namely planar chirality, chirality at phosphorus (or arsenic), and chirality at carbon.
- 6. A metallocene-based diphosphine or diarsine ligand according to any one of claims 1 to 4 having four elements of chirality, namely

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planar chirality, chirality at phosphorus (or arsenic), chirality at carbon and axial chirality.

7. A ligand according to any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein the metallocene is ferrocene.

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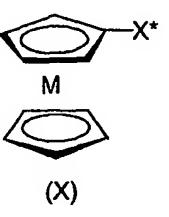
- 8. A ligand according to any one of claims 1 to 7 wherein W is phosphorus.
- 10. Use of the ligand of any one of claims 1 to 8 as a catalyst or catalyst precursor in asymmetric transformation reactions to generate high enantiomeric excesses of formed compounds.
 - 11. A transition metal complex containing a transition metal coordinated to a ligand according to any one of claims 1 to 8.
 - 12. A transition metal catalyst according to claim 11 wherein the transition metal is a Group VIb or a Group VIII metal.
- 13. A method for preparing a ligand according to any one of claims

 1 to 8 comprising providing a metallocene-based substrate having a
 chiral directing substituent on one or both rings, and subjecting the
 substituted metallocene to ortho-lithiation followed by converting the

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ortho-lithiated substituted metallocene to a phosphine chiral at phosphorus (or to an arsine chiral at arsenic).

14. A method according to claim 13 for preparing the ligand of Formula (I) or (III) comprising providing a compound of the formula (X) (optionally substituted on one or both cyclopentadiene rings with R_n^3 (top ring) and/or R_m^4 (bottom ring)):



wherein X* is a chiral directing group;

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ortho-lithiating the substrate; reacting the ortholithiated substrate with an R¹ substituted phosphine or arsine, and with an R²-bearing

Grignard reagent or organolithium compound, and converting X* to Q or G as desired.

15. A method according to claim 14 wherein X* is selected from the group consisting of :

wherein

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R^a and R^b are same or different, and are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen.

- 16. A method according to claim 14 or claim 15 wherein the ortholithiation step is conducted using n-butyllithium, sec-butyllithium and/or tert- butyllithium.
 - 17. A method according to claim 16 wherein the resulting monolithium compound is reacted *in situ* with a dichlorophosphine of the formula R¹PCl₂ wherein R¹ is as defined in claim 1 to yield an intermediate product.

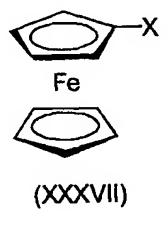
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18. A method according to claim 17 comprising reacting the intermediate product with an organometal reagent of the formula R²Z, wherein R² is as defined in claim 1; Z is Li or MgY wherein Y is a halide, to obtain phosphorus chiral compound having formula (XI):

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- 19. A method according to claim 18 comprising converting compound XI to compound (I) or (III).
- 20. A method for preparing the ligand of Formula (I) or (III) comprising providing a compound of the formula XXXVII:



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wherein X is an achiral directing group and subjecting the compound to enantioselective mono-ortho-lithiation using n-butyllithium or secbutyllithium or tert- butyllithium in the presence of a homochiral tertiary amine, and reacting the resulting chiral monolithium compound *in situ* with a dichlorophosphine of the formula R¹PCl₂ followed by reacting with an organometallic reagent of the formula R²Z, wherein R¹ and R² are as defined in claim 1; Z is Li or MgY

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wherein Y is a halide, to obtain a phosphorus chiral compound having formula XXXVIII:

and converting compound XXXVIII to compound (I) or(III).

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21. A method according to claim 20 wherein X is selected from:

$$NR^aR^b$$
 SO_2R^a NR^aR^b $P(O)R^aR^b$

wherein

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R^a and R^b are same or different, and are independently selected from hydrogen, substituted and unsubstituted, branched- and straight-chain alkyl, substituted and unsubstituted cycloalkyl, substituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted and unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein the or each heteroatom is independently selected from sulphur, nitrogen, and oxygen;

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22. A method for preparing the ligand of Formula (II) comprising providing a compound of the Formula XXXIX:

wherein X* is as previously defined; and subjecting the compound to bis-ortho-lithiation using n-butyllithium, sec-butyllithium or tert-butyllithium, and reacting the resulting bislithium compound *in situ* with a dichlorophosphine of the formula R¹PCl₂ followed by reacting with an organometallic reagent of the formula R²Z wherein R¹ and R² are as defined in claim 1; Z is Li or MgY wherein Y is a halide, to obtain a phosphorus chiral compound having formula XXXX:

and converting compound XXXX to compound II.

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